

**Efficacy results from a 12-month double-blind
randomized trial of arimoclomol for the treatment
of Niemann-Pick disease type C
– Presenting a rescored 4-domain NPC Clinical Severity Scale**

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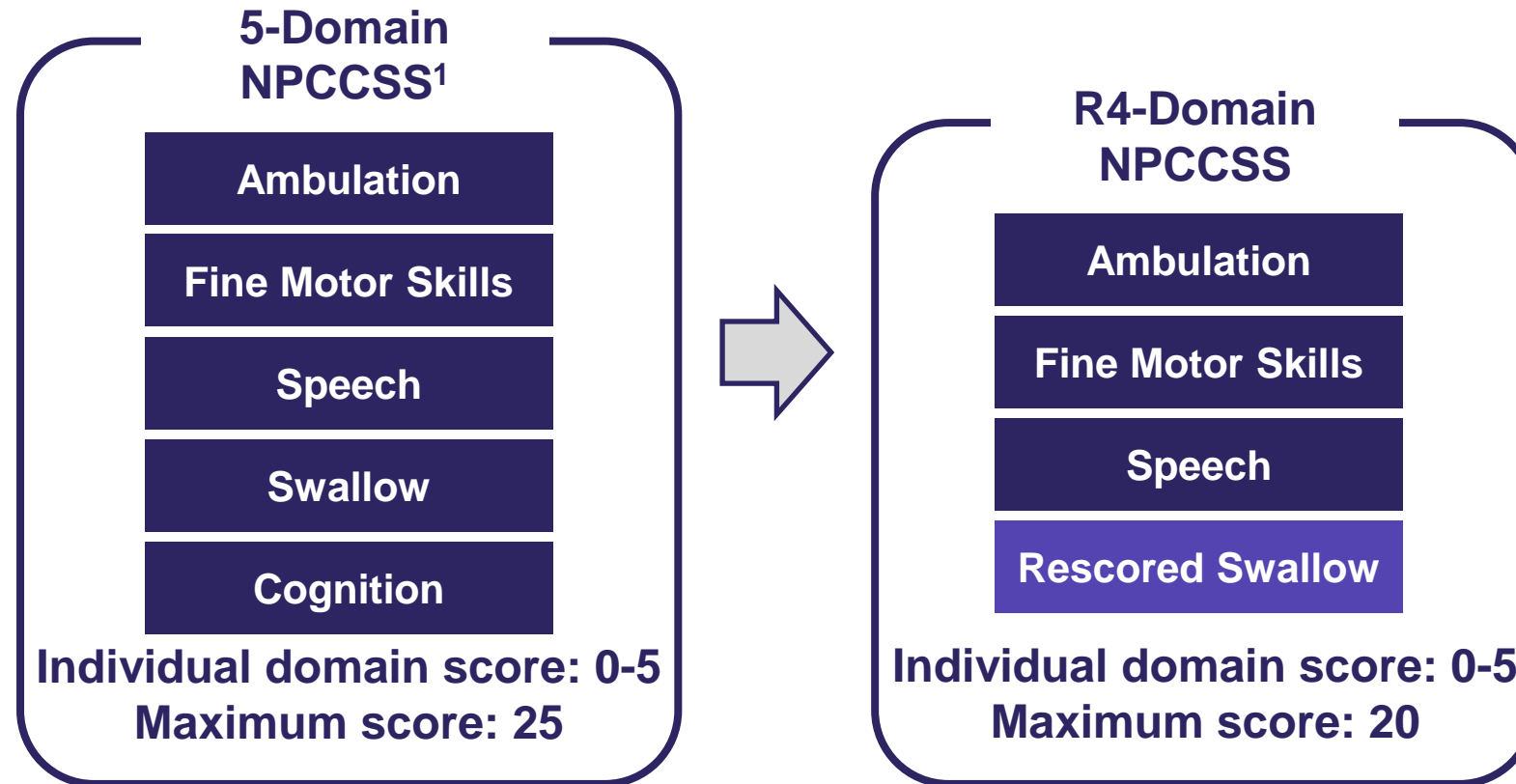
Introduction

- Niemann-Pick disease type C (NPC) is an ultra-rare, progressive neurodegenerative lysosomal disease
 - Clinical presentation is heterogeneous with declining neurological functions
- A validated 5-domain version of NPCCSS (5DNPCCSS)¹ including the Swallow, Fine Motor Skills, Speech, Ambulation, and Cognition domains was used in 12-month double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled trial investigating the efficacy and safety of arimoclomol (NPC-002, NCT02612129)²
- Arimoclomol is an orally available small molecule
 - The first FDA-approved treatment for NPC when used in combination with miglustat

1. Patterson MC, Lloyd-Price L, Guldberg C, et al. *Orphanet J Rare Dis.* 2021;16(1):79. doi:10.1186/s13023-021-01719-2

2. Mengel E, Patterson MC, Da Rioli RM, et al. *J Inherit Metab Dis.* 2021;44(6):1463-1480. doi:10.1002/jimd.12428

From the Clinician-Reported 5DNPCCSS to R4DNPCCSS



Methods: Update of the scoring methodology for the swallow domain

- Swallow domain validated by performance tests¹:
 - Modified PAS score (NIH-adapted Penetration Aspiration Scale)
 - ASHA-NOMS (American Speech-Language-Hearing Association National Outcome Measure)
- Original scoring methodology for the Swallow domain could yield inaccurate equivalencies in disease severity
- To improve linearity in swallow domain:
 - Qualitative study with swallow experts and clinical NPC experts informed new scoring algorithm
 - Experts **only reviewed the swallow scoring methodology**

Original swallow domain scoring could yield inaccurate equivalencies in disease severity

Original Swallow	Score	Patient A	Patient B
Normal, no dysphagia	0		
Cough while eating	1	1	
Intermittent dysphagia with liquids	+ 1		
Intermittent dysphagia with solids	+ 1		
Dysphagia with liquids	+ 2	+ 2	
Dysphagia with solids	+ 2	+ 2	
Nasogastric tube or gastric tube for supplemental feeding	4		
Nasogastric tube or gastric tube feeding only	5		5

A patient who does not require feeding tube at any time \neq to patient who requires feeding tube all of the time

Total = 5

Total = 5

Rescored swallow domain

Updated Swallow	Score
Normal, no dysphagia	0
Cough while eating	1
Intermittent dysphagia	2
Dysphagia	3
Nasogastric tube or gastric tube for supplemental feeding	4
Nasogastric tube or gastric tube feeding only	5

Scores clearly delineated

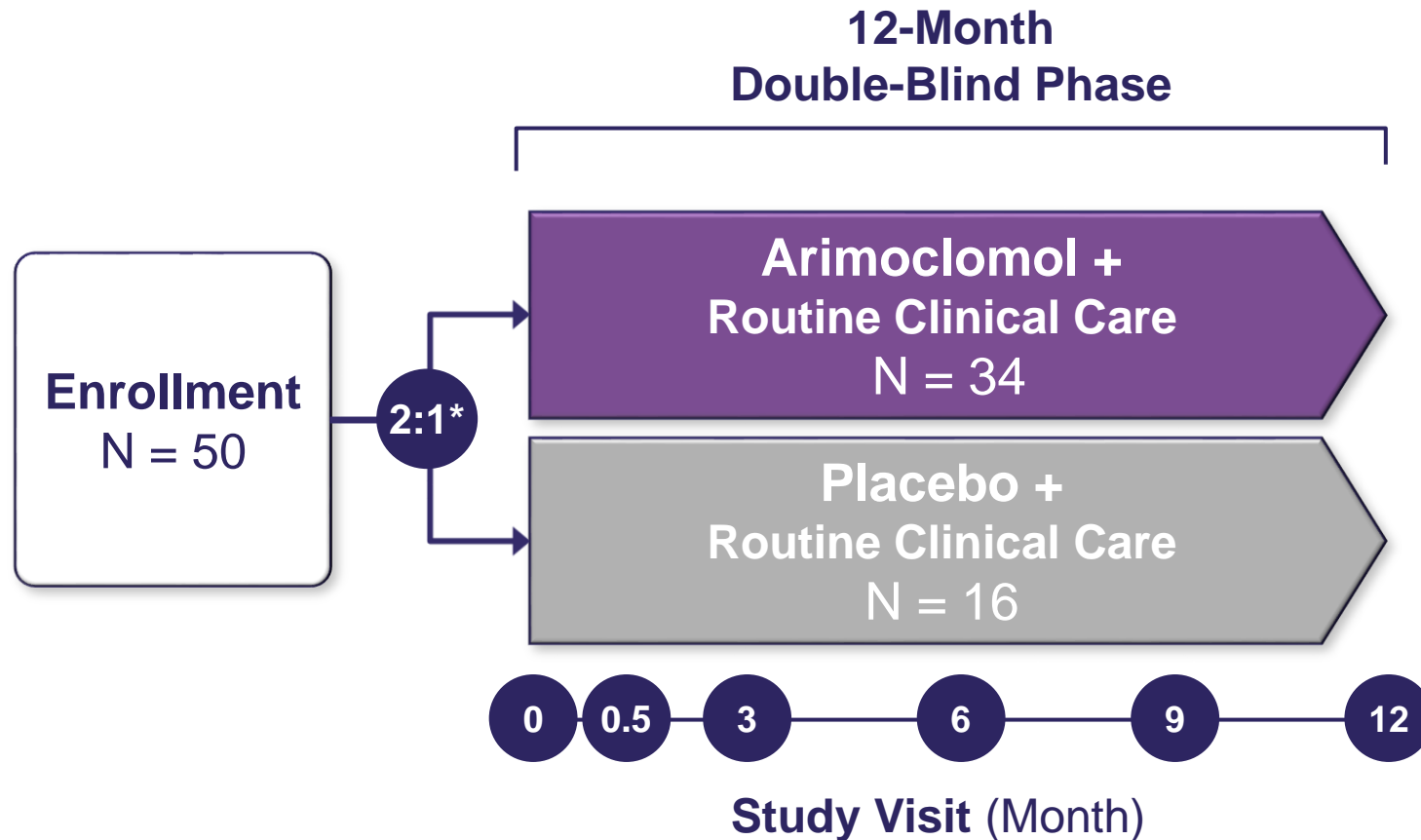
- Each step-wise increase in swallow dysfunction matched with numeric point increase in score

R4DNPCCSS is a reliable and validated tool¹

NPCCSS Domain (score range)	Performance	Polychoric and Spearman Correlation at 0, 6 and 12 months
Ambulation (0-5, a score of 3 is not an option)	SARA GAIT (0-8)	0.85-0.97
Fine motor skills (0-5, a score of 3 is not an option)	SARA Finger chase (0-4)	0.58-0.93
	SARA Nose-finger test (0-4)	
	SARA Fast alternating hand movements (0-4)	
	9-HPT (seconds)	
Speech (0-5, a score of 4 is not an option)	SARA Speech disturbance	0.89-0.99

1. Patterson MC, Lloyd-Price L, Guldberg C, et al. *Orphanet J Rare Dis.* 2021;16(1):79. Published 2021 Feb 12. doi:10.1186/s13023-021-01719-2

NPC-002 Trial

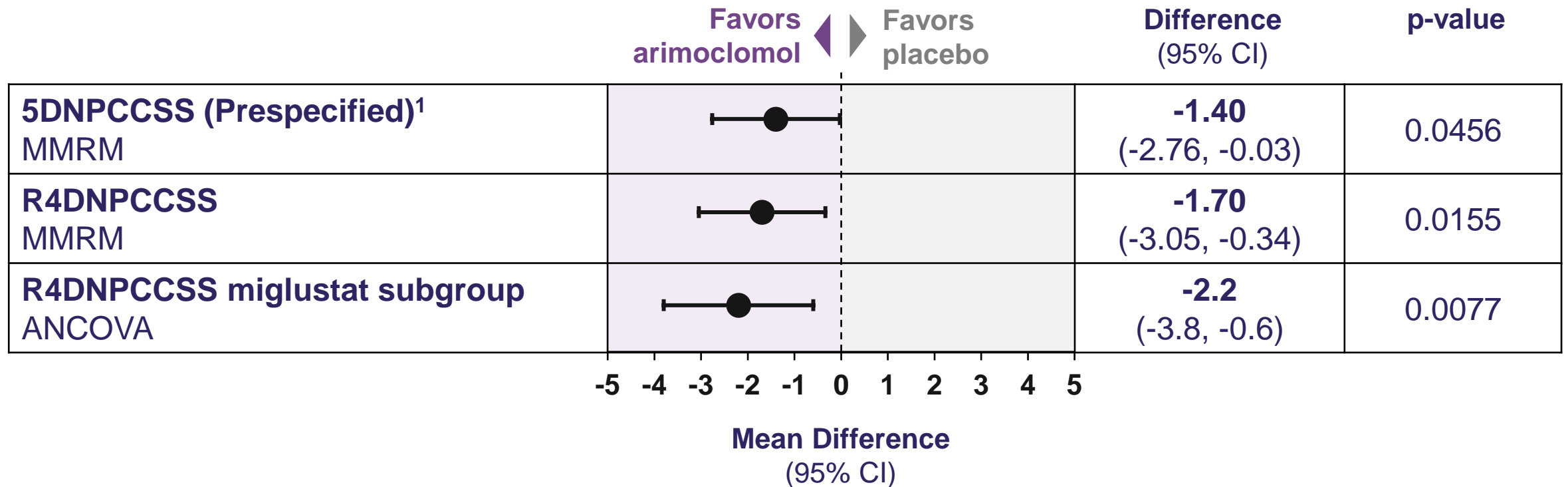


*Stratified by miglustat use

Results:¹

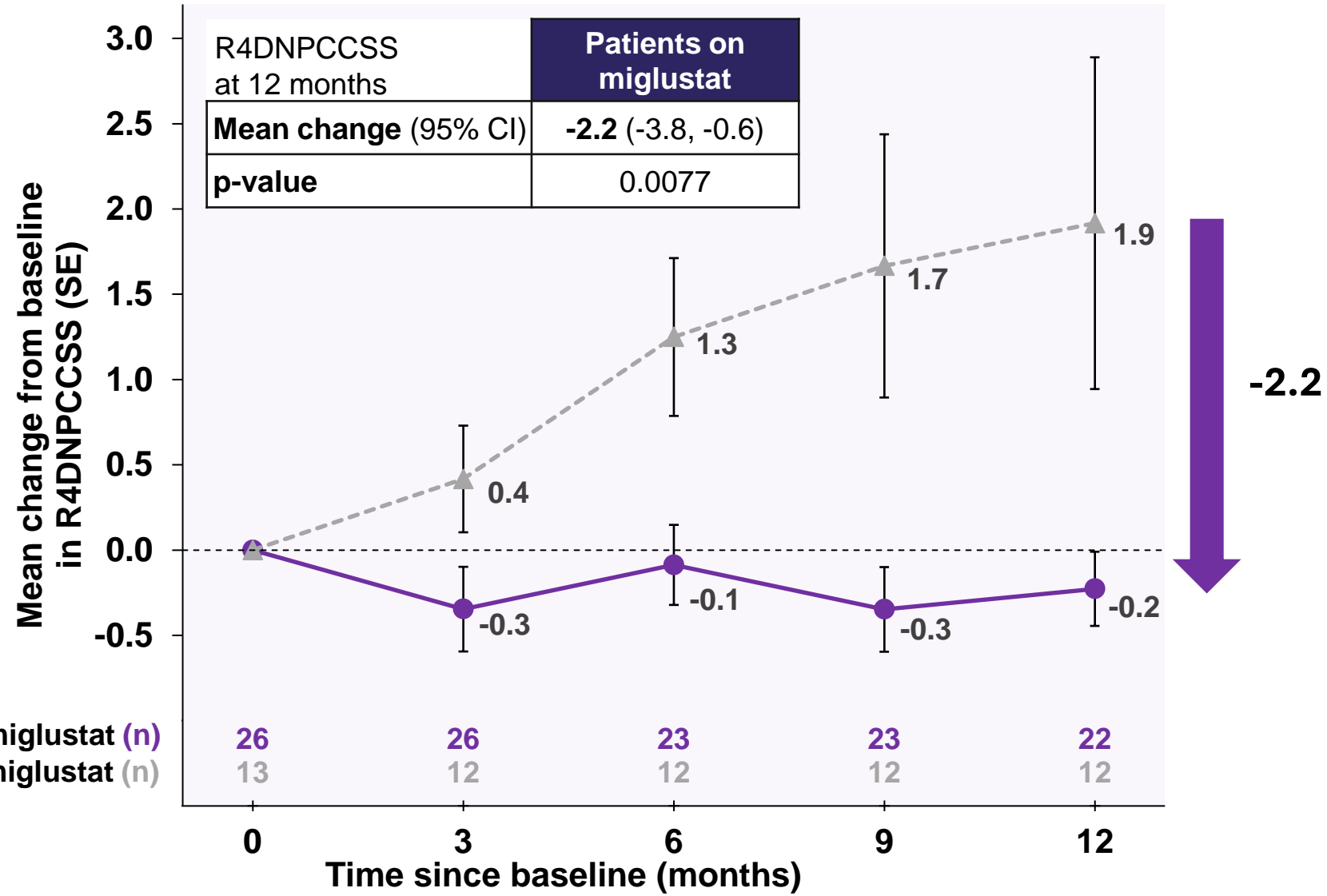
- **Prespecified primary endpoint:**
 - Statistically significant change from baseline in 5DNPCSS at Month 12 using MMRM model
- **Arimoclomol is well-tolerated:**
 - Similar incidences of adverse events for arimoclomol and placebo

Treatment difference at 12 months



ANCOVA = analysis of covariance; MMRM = mixed model for repeated measures

Change in R4DNPCCSS over 12 months in patients who also received miglustat



Safety

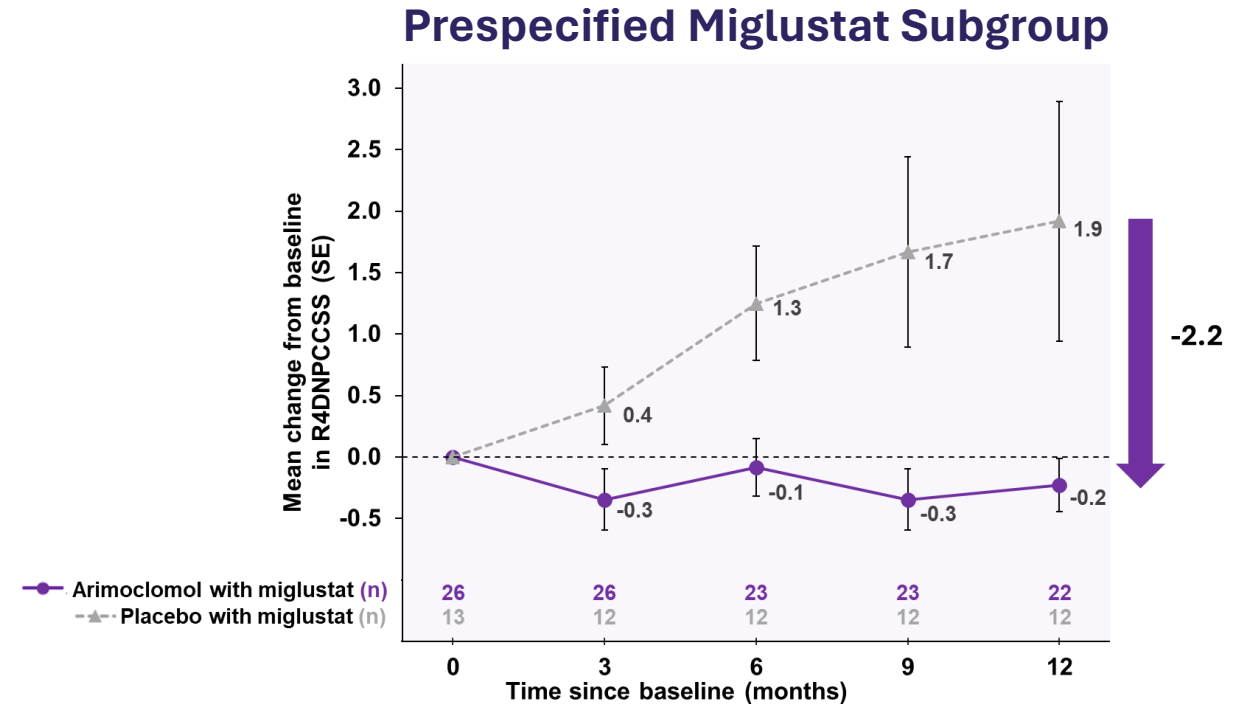
Preferred terms reported in > 10% patients, n (%)	Arimoclomol N = 34	Placebo N = 16
Any AE	30 (88%)	12 (75%)
Vomiting	8 (24%)	4 (25%)
Diarrhea	7 (21%)	3 (19%)
Constipation	7 (21%)	3 (19%)
Pyrexia	6 (18%)	3 (19%)
Upper respiratory tract infection	6 (18%)	1 (6%)
Rhinitis	5 (15%)	2 (13%)
Weight decreased	5 (15%)	-
Bronchitis	4 (12%)	2 (13%)
Nasopharyngitis	2 (6%)	4 (25%)
Gastroenteritis	2 (6%)	2 (13%)
Epilepsy	1 (3%)	2 (13%)
Ear infection	-	2 (13%)
Eye infection	-	2 (13%)
Pneumonia	-	2 (13%)

N = number of patients in safety population; n = number of patients with at least 1 event; % = percentage of patients

1. Mengel E, Patterson MC, Da Rioli RM, et al. *J Inherit Metab Dis*. 2021;44(6):1463-1480. doi:10.1002/jimd.12428

Conclusions

- R4DNPCCSS is a valid and reliable endpoint
- Consistent outcomes with the 5DNPCCSS were demonstrated
- Arimoclomol in combination with miglustat slowed disease progression through 12 months



Thank you to NPC patients and their families!

Further Information:

- Poster **228** “Efficacy Results From a 12-month Double-blind Randomized Trial of Arimoclomol for the Treatment of Niemann-Pick Disease Type C - Presenting a Rescored 4-Domain NPC Clinical Severity Scale”
- Poster **229** “Long-Term Efficacy and Safety Evaluation of Arimoclomol Treatment in Patients With Niemann-Pick Disease Type C – Data From a 48-Month Open Label Trial”
- Poster **065** “Safety of Arimoclomol in a Pediatric Substudy of Niemann-Pick Disease Type C Patients Aged 6 to <24 Months at Study Enrollment”
- Poster **153** “Arimoclomol Upregulates Expression of Genes Belonging to the Coordinated Lysosomal Expression and Regulation (CLEAR) Network”
- Poster **031** “Arimoclomol for the Treatment of Niemann-Pick disease type C in a Real-World Setting: Long-Term Outcomes From an Expanded Access Program in the United States”
- Poster **032** “Qualitative Assessment of the Validity and Standardization of the Swallow Domain in the 5-Domain Niemann-Pick Disease Type C (NPC) Clinical Severity Scale (5DNPCSS) and Analysis in an NPC Clinical Trial Data Set”
- Poster **094** “Arimoclomol Safety Profile in the Treatment of NPC in a Real-World Setting: Long-Term Data From an Expanded Access Program in the USA”

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